



Presents

Learn Bass 2 The Method for a New Generation

Written & Method By: John McCarthy

Adapted By: Jimmy Rutkowski
Supervising Editor: Joe Palombo
Music Transcribing & Engraving: Jimmy Rutkowski
Production Manager: Joe Palombo
Layout, Graphics & Design: Jimmy Rutkowski
Photography: Rodney Dabney, Jimmy Rutkowski
Copy Editors: Cathy McCarthy

Cover Art Direction & Design:

Jimmy Rutkowski,

HL102682 ISBN: 978-1-4768-1428-5

Produced by The Rock House Method® © 2013 Fred Russell Publishing, LLC All Rights Reserved

Table of Contents

Digital eBook	4
The Rock House Method	
Learning System	
Icon Key	5
Minor Pentatonic Scales Key of "E"	
Single Note Patterns Key of "E"	8
The Finger Drag	.10
E Minor Pentatonic Scale Groove	.10
Connecting the Scale Patterns: Pentatonic	. 11
Hammer Ons	.12
Pull Offs	. 13
Hammer Ons in a Bass Line	14
Pull Offs in a Bass Line	14
Minor Blues Progression	15
Root Notes	16
The Major Scale Formula	17
Major Scale One Octave Patterns	18
Major Scale Four String Patterns	.20
Walking Bass Lines	.22
Exercise Routine	23
Following the Root Notes	24
Notes in the 5th Position	.25
Find Any Note on the Bass	.25
Slap and Pop Groove	26
Legato	. 27
Hammer Pull Off Single Note Pattern	27
Using Hammer & Pull Offs in a Bass Line .	28
Sixteenth Notes	. 29
Sixteenth Notes in a Bass Line	30
Canon Progression	.30
Syncopated Bass Lines	.31
Syncopated Bass Line with	
Fifths & Octaves	.31
Slap & Pop Sixteenth Note Grooves	32
Intervals	
Drop D Tuning	.36
Drop D I-IV-V Progression	

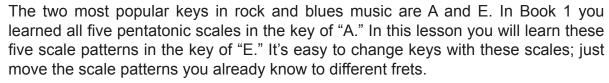
DIOP D 6888 LINE	31
Bass Chords	38
Vibrato	39
Hammer Ons and Pedal Tones	40
The Mexican Snake Song	40
Riff Oriented Bass Lines	41
Playing with the Guitar	42
Syncopated Sixteenths	42
The ii-V-I Progression	44
Combining Major and Minor Triads	44
Natural Minor Scales:	
Key of G positions 1, 2 & 3	45
Natural Minor Triplet Pattern	46
Combing Triads with Scales	47
Natural Harmonics	48
Complete Bass Progression	49
G Blues Scales	50
G Blues Scale Groove	52
G Minor Hammer On Groove	52
The Gallop Rhythm	53
Double Thumb Groove	53
Slap Bass Pop Melody	54
Appendix	
Musical Words	55
Natural Minor Scales	56
Blues Scales	60
About the Author	64

Minor Pentatonic Scales Key of "E"



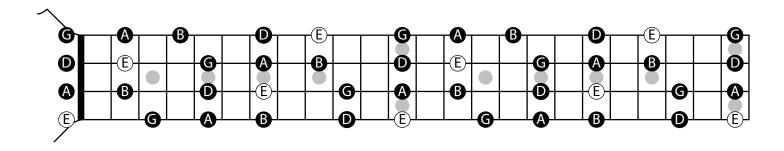


SCALE PROFESSOR

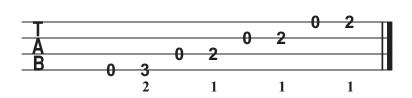


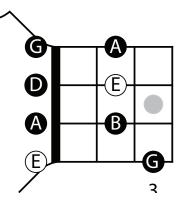
The 1st scale position always starts on the root note or the key. In the key of "A," the 1st scale position starts on the 5th fret which is an A note. In the key of "E" the 1st scale will start with the open 4th string which is an E note. This position can also be played an octave higher at the 12th fret.

Look at the following scale diagrams and see where all five positions are played in the key of "E." Pay close attention to where all the E notes (root notes) fall within each position.

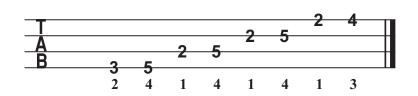


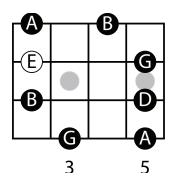
1st Position (open)





2nd Position

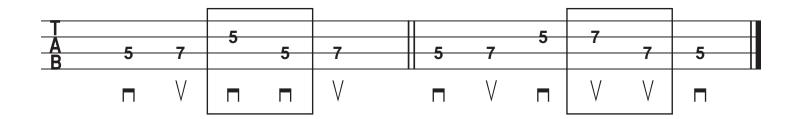




The Finger Drag



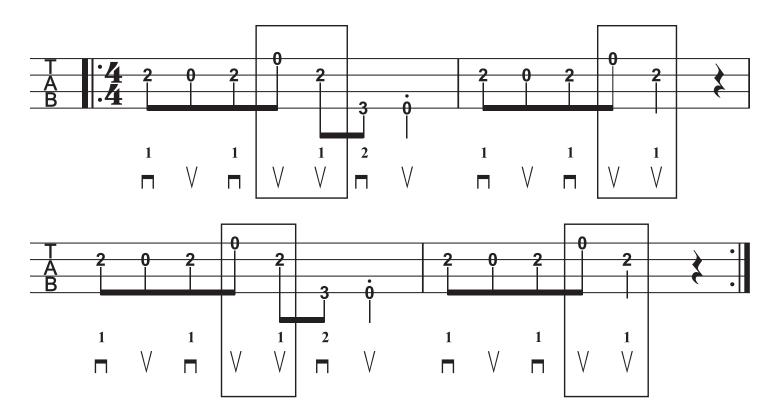
Often when playing bass lines you will need to play two adjacent strings with one finger. The most effective way to pluck these is to drag your finger from one string down to the next. In this exercise you will drag with your index and middle fingers. Don't pick the finger up and pluck the next string just let the finger drag off one onto the next string with one swift movement.



E Minor Pentatonic Scale Groove



Scales are groups of notes that you will use to create bass lines within a certain key. Here is a great example of a bass line created directly from the E minor pentatonic scale first position. I've outlined where the finger drag technique is used in this bass line.



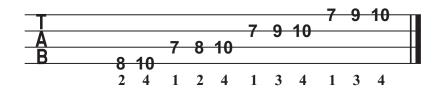
Major Scale Four String Patterns

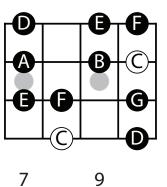




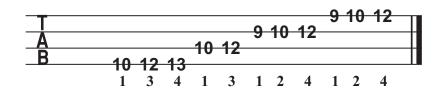
These five scale patterns contain all the notes in the C major scale spanning your whole bass neck. The root notes are depicted with white dots. I've also included a full neck diagram of where all the C major notes fall across the neck.

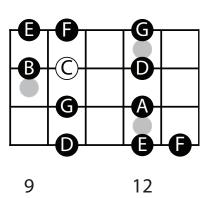
1st Position



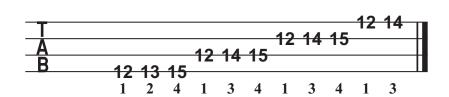


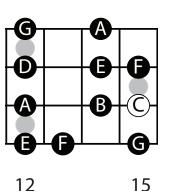
2nd Position



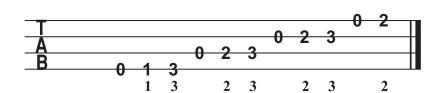


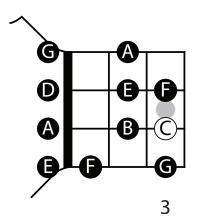
3rd Position (Octave)





3rd Position (Octave Lower)

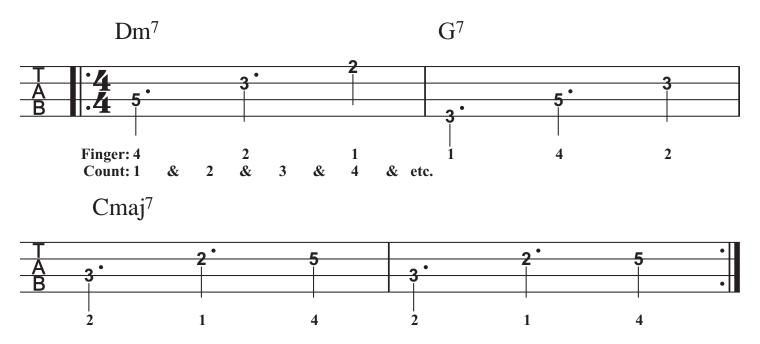




The ii-V-I Progression



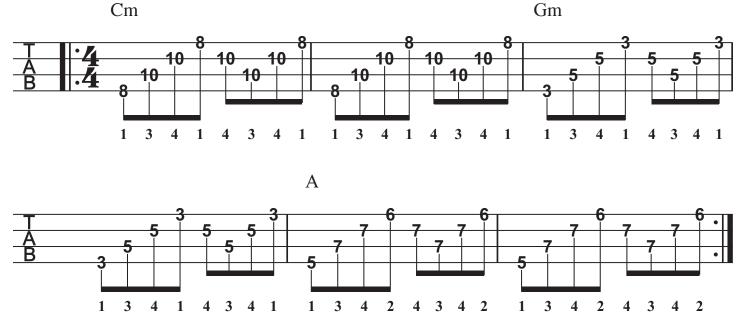
Another common chord progression is the 2-5-1 progression (also written ii -V-I). In this progression chords are built from the 2nd, 5th and 1st degrees of a major scale. You will use triads to outline the chord changes. This progression is most popular in jazz music but can be found in many other genres. The progression in the lesson is in the key of "C."



Combining Major and Minor Triads



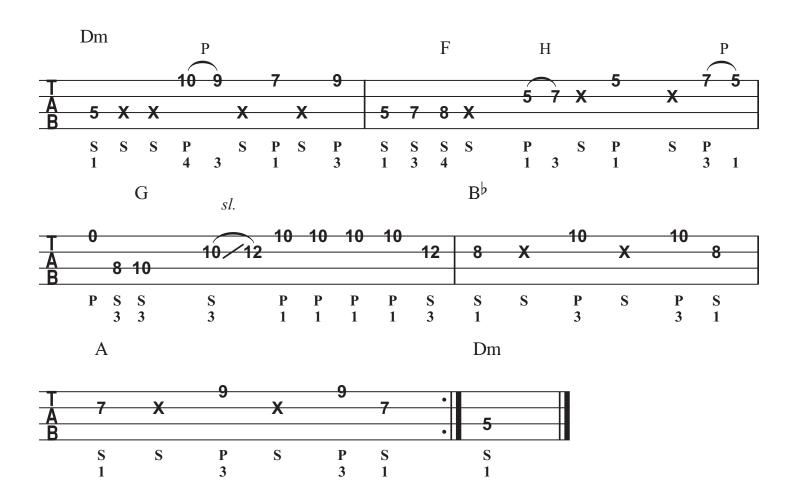
Here is a great example of applying your triads together to create a complete bass line. Make sure to use the triad shapes you learned to make the transitions easier.



Slap Bass Pop Melody



This is a complicated bass line where you play the bass notes and a melody together. I wrote the chord progression notes above the staff so you can see the bass root notes. Pay close attention to which notes are slapped with the thumb and which are plucked with the pop technique. Once you feel comfortable playing this through from beginning to end play it with the backing track.



On the backing track after the first time through the progression there are variations added to the bass line. I encourage you to experiment and improvise to make your own variations.

QUIZ

Learn Bass 2 - Quiz 3

Congratulations you've made it to the end of Book 2! Go to RockHouseSchool.com and take the quiz to track your progress. You will receive an email with your results and an official Rock House Method "Certificate of Completion" when you pass.